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JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW

JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW can boast a broad experience in building electronic classical organs.

They started building classical church organs from a workshop. It was on March 4, 1971 when the first organ was delivered.

A short time after, study organs were added to the assortment.

There was a great demand for this **JOHANNUS** organ, as it enabled more and more organ players to study classical and liturgical music, since not everyone had the possibility to play on a church organ frequently.

Because of the fast increase in production, the workshop soon was small. Therefore they had to move to a larger premisses in Veenendaal in 1972. This is where the study organs type S, HII and HIII, and the church organs type KII, KIIB, KIIC and KIIIC were developed.

By 1976 though also this factory wasn't large enough anymore and **JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW** decided to build its own factory and the wish of the artistic as well as the production staff could be fulfilled. A complete auditorium was, according to modern requirements multi functional, equipped in the factory building: Besides using it as a concert hall, the auditorium can be used for demonstration and preintonation of church organs as well.

The new building in Ede was opened on March 12, 1976 by the world famous organist FEIKE ASMA. In recognition of his valuable advises and guidance which helped to create the characteristic JOHANNUS sound, the auditorium was named "FEIKE ASMA ZAAL".

To mark the occasion of the opening of its new buildings, JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW introduced the successful OPUS-series for study- as well as church organs.

JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW has, since the early beginnings, always been precursor in the field of developing electronic classical organs.

That's why, early in 1982, a totally renewed organ-series, the 200-series, was released, using the newest chip-technology.

As a result of the experiences gained with these new technologies, again these series got renewed and more perfectioned in 1986. This series became to be the last generation of analogue organs.

Early in 1988 the age of the digital technologies was ushered in with the revolutionary **OPUS-1000** series. This changeover from analogue to digital technologies, comparable with the changeover from the ancient pick-up to the compact disk player, has offered **JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW** the possibility to develop its unique, individual and meanwhile worldwide praised **JOHANNUS**"-sound more and more.

As a result of the fast development of all computer-technologies, **JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW**, has, using these advanced technologies, designed a new organ-series: **THE PRESTIGE series**.

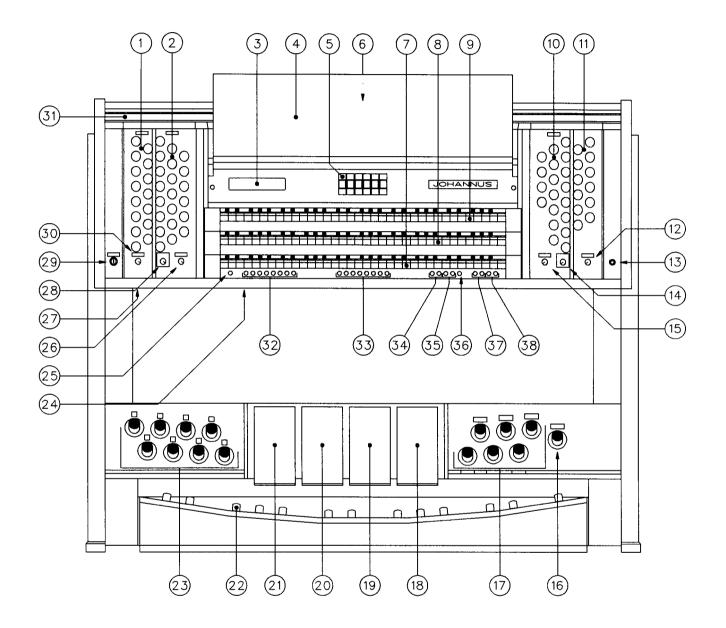
Using the possibilities of these modern technologies and the flexibility of the company, JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW is not only able to build standard instruments, but also custom-designed organs.

To this day, we, the employees of **JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW**, are building "small" and "large" organs with joy and devotion. Careful attention to tonal quality and craftsmanship has become the hallmark of Johannus. Now the company enjoys worldwide recognition and credibility as a builder of classical organs to suite the individual organist, churches, concert halls and many other prestigious location where classical organs are situated.

JOHANNUS ORGELBOUW wishes you lots of playing-enjoyment with this organ!

Positif Great Swell 4 extra voices (swell) Romantic + Baroque Lighted rockertabs Lighted drawstops Mechanical drawstops Overall rotary stoplight intensity control 3x5 octaves (C-c ^m) synthetic 3x5 octaves (C-c ^m) wood with toggle touch 30-note mechlin (C-f) 30-note concave (C-f) 32-note radial concave (C-g') 32-note AGO (C-g') Manual coupler Pedal coupler Manual bass Cantus Firmus Independent Total 800 Watt Overall rotary volume control Programs 427-453Hz (+ / - ¼ note) overall rotary control	10 16 20 option • option • • option option option 3 3 • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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Programs	6
427-453Hz (+ / - ¼ note) overall rotary control	-
	•
6 steps (+ / - 3 half notes)	•
Equal temperament	•
Werckmeister III	•
Mean tone	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	•
	option
	option
	option
	option
20 steps	•
Midi controlled	•
Positif midi controlled	•
Great+Pedal midi controlled	•
Swell midi controlled	٠
Midi In-Thru-Out	•
Headphones stereo up to 2kΩ	option
Aux In 1kΩ/70mV	•
Reverb Out 470Ω/300mV	•
External loudspeaker outputs 8Ω	•
Dark or light oak	•
Wooden rollcover (with lock)	•
	•
	•
	•
	option
	133cm 4'
	141cm 4
	162cm 5'
	75cm 2' 99cm 3'
	Equal temperament Werckmeister III Mean tone Slight detuning between voices PP-P-MF-F-FF-T RO (reeds off) 0 (all stops off) CA (cancel accessories) 64 (8 x 8) programmable combinations (generals) 256 (4 x 8 x 8) programmable combinations (divisionals) Capture Reversible couplers Tutti 20 steps Midi controlled Positif midi controlled Swell midi controlled Swell midi controlled Midi In-Thru-Out Headphones stereo up to 2kΩ Aux In 1kΩ/70mV Reverb Out 470Ω/300mV External loudspeaker outputs 8Ω

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EXPLANATION FIGURES

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INTRODUCTION

You are now the proud owner of a JOHANNUS PRESTIGE 300 organ, an instrument with a well chosen and balanced selection of stops which allow the player the opportunity to perform the full repertoire of classical and liturgical organ music. This manual will assist you to make you of the many possibilities offered by this JOHANNUS PRESTIGE 300 organ.

The different control functions will be explained step by step. Starting point is the standard PRESTIGE 300 model. Differences in relation to the standard model, requested by the customer will not be explained.

The encircled figures in the text (e.g. 9) are always referring to the encircled figures in the illustration of the console on page 5.

If the owners manual is referring to the display, it will be shown as below. The part concerned is gray colored (the example below refers to the function Tune).

Memory bank: 1 Volume: 25 Transposer: 0 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

Some registration examples are given on page 19.

Page 20 can be used to incorporate your own favorite and/or often used registrations. The last page of this owners manual is reserved for own notes and remarks.

Please spend a few minutes reading this important information and experience the wonderful potential of your new organ. We wish you lots of pride in your organ for many years!

MUSIC RACK

The music rack 3 comes separately with the organ. The music rack supports, with slots, are mounted at the left and at the right side of the vertical middle panel. The music rack has two pins (one at the left and one at the right side) which easily can hooked into the slots of the music rack supports. At the top, the music rack is supported by the front side of the rollcover. Before closing the rollcover, first the music rack has to be turned downward, till it rests on the black keyboard blocks.

ROLLOVER

The rollcover 3 can be locked. The rollcover lock 6 is placed behind the music rack. The organ can be locked easily by shifting the rollcover to yourselves and depressing the rollcover lock. The rollcover is now locked. The rollcover can be unlocked by inserting the key and turning it a quarter of a turn anti clockwise.

ATTENTION: It is also possible to lock the rollcover lock without using the key. Therefore, always take care that the key never is kept within the lockable part of the console.

PEDALBOARD

The pedalboard 2 of the organ is equipped with magnets which are activating reed switches. The reed switches are (invisible) mounted behind the black painted front panel against which the pedalboard has to be shifted. A magnet is mounted into the front end of each pedal key. As each pedal note is played, the reed switches are activated by the magnets.

It is important to ensure that the pedalboard is correctly situated in relation to the reed switches. For a properly work. Therefore, the pedalboard must be shoved against the black painted front panel as far as possible. It can be necessary to tilt the organ a little bit backwards in order to shift the pedalboard correctly against the black painted front panel. Besides it is important to place the organ on a flat floor.

MAINS VOLTAGE

It is important to check the mains voltage of the AC outlet with the voltage setting of the organ. This is printed of the serial numberplate B, which is located on the left side beneath the manuals.

MAINS SWITCH

The mains switch (3) is located on the right side of the right stop jambs. The red pilot lamp inside the mains switch will light up as soon as the organ is switched on. As, after switching the organ on, the electronic circuits need some time to tune, it takes a few seconds before all controls are working.

At the same time the display ③ will reflect a text. The function of this display will be described further on in the owners manual, when explaining the functions general volume, tune, transposer, the capture system and the general crescendo function.

STOPS

Your organ is equipped with so called lighted drawstops and lighted rocker tabs. When switching on or off one of the stops, the stop switches would jump back to their middle position. Therefore a stoplamp is put in each stop switch to indicate if a stop is switched on or off. The stop lamps are working when using hand registration as well as when using the presets, the capture system or the general crescendo pedal.

Two groups of stops are located on the left side of the keyboards: At the very left side you find () the pedal stops (to be played on the pedalboard (2)) and the pedal couplers: Total 15 stops divided into two ranks. Next to it you find (2) the stops of the swell division (to be played on the swell manual (9)) and the swell division tremulant: Total 21 stops divided into three ranks. Another two groups of stops are located on the right side of the keyboards: First you find (1) the stops of the great division (to be played on the great manual (8)) the great division tremulant and the couplers of the great division: Total 19 stops divided into three ranks. At the very right you find (1) the stops of the positif division (to be played on the positif manual (7)) the positif tremulant and the positif division tremulant: Total 12 stops divided into three ranks.

In the center, above the swell manual you find some special accessories (5): The midi-switches, chorus and intonation 2: Total 6 stops (rocker tabs).

STOP LAMPS

The stop lamp intensity is adjustable with the overall rotary control STOP LAMPS B. This control is located on the left side of the keyboard.

GENERAL VOLUME

The general volume is, independent of the position of the expression pedals, adjustable with the overall rotary control VOLUME (2).

The display ③ reflects the chosen volume level:

Memory bank: 1 Volume: 19 Transposer: 0 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

The volume is adjustable in 25 steps. The example drawn above, shows the volume adjusted at level 19.

EXPRESSION PEDALS

The volume of the positif division is (independent of the general volume level) adjustable with the left expression pedal 0.

The volume of the great division together with the pedal division is (independent of the general volume level) adjustable with the second expression pedal ⁽²⁾.

The volume of the swell division is (independent of the general volume level) adjustable with the third expression pedal (9).

COUPLERS

When switching on the coupler POSITIF TO GREAT (1), the stops of the positif division can be played not only on the positif manual but also on the great manual (in combination with the stops of the great division).

Using the coupler SWELL TO GREAT ⁽¹⁾, the stops of the swell division can be played not only on the swell manual but also on the great manual (in combination with the stops of the great division).

With the coupler SWELL TO POSITIF (1), the stops of the swell division can be played not only on the swell manual but also on the positif manual (in combination with the stops of the positif division).

The three pedal couplers POSITIF TO PEDAL, GREAT TO PEDAL and SWELL TO PEDAL ③, can be used to play the stops of respectively the positif division, the great division and the swell division not only on the manuals but also on the pedalboard (in combination with the pedal stops).

The six above mentioned couplers are full couplers. This means: all depressed keys are coupled. This in contrary to the two couplers described below.

MANUAL BASS

The pedal stops can be coupled to the great manual by pressing the switch MB 35.

This coupler is not a full coupler: Only the lowest note of the chord, played on the great manual, is coupled to the great manual.

CANTUS FIRMUS

By pressing the switch CF 3, the swell stops are coupled to the great manual.

Also this coupler is (in contrary to the stop SWELL TO GREAT) not a full coupler: only the highest note of a chord, played on the great manual, is coupled to the great manual. With this coupler the effect of a so called cantus firmus can be created.

When using the coupler SWELL TO GREAT, the CF piston would have no effect.

TREMULANTS

The positif division, the great division as well as the swell division have their own, independent tremulants. The tremulant stops are located at the top of respectively the stops of the swell division O, the stops of the great division, O and the stops of the positif division O.

Using the couplers POSITIF TO GREAT, SWELL TO GREAT, SWELL TO POSITIF or the coupler CF, the tremulant of the concerning division is also coupled to the great or the positif manual.

Using the pedal couplers POSITIF TO PEDAL, GREAT TO PEDAL and/or SWELL TO PEDAL, the tremulants of the concerning divisions are also coupled to the pedalboard.

TUNE

The pitch of organ is adjustable with the overall rotary control PITCH 15.

The display ③ reflects the chosen pitch:

Memory bank: 1 Volume: 2 Transposer: 0 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

The pitch can be adjusted in 26 steps from A=427Hz (a quarter note lower than the standard pitch) up to A=453Hz (a quarter note higher than the standard pitch). The example above shows a pitch adjusted at A=440Hz (ensure the transposer setting is 0). This is the standard pitch of musical instruments.

When the display reflects the pitch adjusted at A=440Hz, the overall rotary control is in the middle position. To tune the instrument easily at A=440Hz, the rotary control is equipped with a mechanical indication for the middle position. When the control reaches the middle position during rotation, you will feel a mechanical "click".

Turning the pitch control while playing a chord does not change the pitch. The pitch will only be changed after playing the next key(s).

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TRANSPOSER

The TRANSPOSER switch allows the organist to change the key in which the music is played. This means: With the transposer function the organ can be tuned either 1, 2 or 3 half notes up or down.

The display ③ *reflects the transposer setting:*

Memory bank: 1 Volume: 12 Transposer: 2 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

The example above shows a transposer setting of -2. This transposer setting will result in an organ sounding two half-notes lower. Now the organ is in the same key as e.g. a trumpet (a typical b-flat instrument). The advantage is that organist and trumpet player can use the same sheet music: It is not necessary to rewrite the sheet music in another key for the trumpet player.

With the transposer in the 0 position, the organ has the standard setting (A=440Hz) (ensure the pitch is also adjusted at A=440Hz).

N.B. Using the transposer function in combination with the tune function, the organ can be tuned six half-notes up or down in steps of 1Hz.

CHORUS

To avoid that the organ sounds too unimaginative, the instrument is designed such that various stops are tuned a little bit different in relation to each other. These small differences are giving the organ a broader, more vivacious character. Switching on the accessory CHORUS s will intensify the difference in tuning between the various voices.

Switching on or off the stop chorus while playing a chord, will not result in the above explained changings. The chorus effect will be noticeable only after playing the next key(s).

TUNINGS

Through the centuries, several systems (tunings) were used in order to calculate and lay down the tone height of each separate key of e.g. keyboard instruments.

Nowadays mostly the so called equal tuning is used. This tuning is the default tuning of the organ. On an equal tuned instrument, music in every key can be played.

But sometimes also other tunings are still being used. Especially for the interpretation of ancient music. Two well-known ancient tunings are the "Werckmeister III tuning" and the "mean tone tuning". The drawback of both these tunings is, that music can not be played in all keys. Music played in particular keys can result in sounding out of tune.

By pressing the piston WM 3 (Werckmeister III) or MT 3 (mean tone) the organ can be switched from equal tuning to the Werckmeister III or the mean tone tuning. When both pistons are depressed, automatically the tuning of the last pressed piston will be chosen.

Pressing one of the pistons WM or MT while playing a chord will not result in changing from one to another tuning. The organ changes to the new chosen tuning only after playing the next key(s).

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INTONATION 2

The organ is equipped with two different intonations namely a romantic and a baroque one. A romantic intonated organ has a more "round" sound and a baroque intonated organ sounds more "bright". With the accessory INTONATION 2 s, the choice can be made between the two different intonations. The romantic intonation is the default (accessory intonation 2 off). The baroque intonation can be obtained by switching on the accessory intonation 2.

CATHEDRAL

The built in digital cathedral effect gives acoustic properties normally associated with the reverberation effect in large buildings. It gives the wide level and range of reverberation which enhances the tonal quality of sound produced from the organ.

The cathedral effect can be adjusted with the help of the program switch (28) and the overall rotary control (28).

With the program switch, one of six cathedral effects can be chosen. The six programs varies in length as well as brightness.

The volume of the cathedral effect can be adjusted continuously with the overall rotary control.

To eliminate the cathedral effect totally can be done by turning the overall rotary control ³⁹ fully anti clockwise. At this, it does not matter which program is chosen.

PRESETS

The preset pistons 33 with the text PP-P-MF-F-FF-T-0-RO are located in the center of the lower rail below the positif manual 3.

Presets (or fixed combinations) are combinations of pre-programmed stops according to musical standards, from PP (pianissimo) to T (tutti).

These presets are fixed at the time of manufacture. They can't be changed by the user anymore.

Pressing one of the preset pistons will light up the stops belonging to that preset. It is possible to switch more stops on or off within a selected preset.

The 0-piston, or all stops off piston, is located to right of the T-piston. Pressing this piston will switch off all stops (with a few exceptions) in one action. The exceptions are:

- 1. Stops switched on by using the general crescendo pedal. The general crescendo pedal is described further on.
- 2. Couplers and tremulants when the CA-piston is pressed. The function of the CA-piston is described further on.
- 3. The group of accessories marked with the figure (5) (Midi switches, Chorus and Intonation 2).

The most right located piston of the preset group is the RO (reeds off) piston. Pressing this piston will switch off all reeds in one action. As long as the RO-piston is pressed, no reed stop can be switched on.

Reeds are the red colored stops.

CAPTURE

The capture system enables the user to store 64 personal registrations into a memory, and to recall or change them at any time.

It is not possible to store the accessories marked with the figure (5) (Midi switches, Chorus and Intonation 2) into the capture system.

Changing a stored capture-combination is only possible when the capture memory is unlocked with the memory lock B.

The 64 capture-combinations are divided into 8 memories. Each memory has 8 locations. Each location can be used for storing one, personal registration.

A memory can be chosen by using the + and - pistons \Im . The display \Im shows the actual memory:

Memory bank: 6 Volume: 12 Transposer: -2 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

A location in a memory can be chosen by pressing one of the pistons $1 - 8 \circledast$, located to the left of the rail below the positif manual \bigcirc .

The following instructions are required in order to store a personal combination:

- 1. Check if the pistons GC and PG ⁽³⁾ are <u>not</u> pressed. This is to avoid changing the general crescendocombinations by accident.
- 2. Unlock the capture memory by turning the key in the MEMORY LOCK ⁽²⁾ a quarter turn clockwise.
- 3. Select the registration you wish to store into the memory by switching on the stops.
- 4. Choose a memory (e.g. memory 6) by pressing one or several times the + or the piston ③ till the required memory is shown in the display ③ (in this example the digit 6).
- 5. Press the SET-piston (and press one of the pistons 1 8) hold the SET-piston, and press one of the pistons 1 8 (a) (e.g. 3).
- 6. First release the pressed capture piston (in this example piston 3) and only thereafter the SET-piston.
- 7. Now the selected registration is stored in memory 6, location 3.

Like this seven more registrations can be stored into memory 6, into the locations 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. Another 56 registrations can be stored in the memories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8.

The stored registrations can be protected from undesired erasing or changing by turning the key in the memory lock (a) a quarter turn anti clockwise and take out the key.

The following instructions are required in order to recall a personal registration:

1. Choose, with the help of the + and - pistons 37 the required memory.

2. Press one of the pistons 1 - 8 @ located to the left of the rail below the positif manual.

To recall a personal combination, it is not necessary to unlock the capture memory; the key is not required.

During any performance, registrations which have been produced through the capture system, can be changed by simply pressing the appropriate individual stops required, exactly as you do when using the presets.

The memory of the capture system is protected even when the organ is switched off. The memory is not affected by turning the organ off or disconnecting it from the mains supply.

CANCEL ACCESSORIES

Couplers and tremulants used in preset- or capture combinations or when using the 0-piston will change as well. If this is not requested, one can void this by pressing the CA-piston ⁽³⁾. As long as the CA-piston is pressed, couplers and tremulants can only be switched on or off by hand.

GENERAL CRESCENDO

With the general crescendo pedal ^(B), stops can be switched on in 20 steps, from pianissimo (very soft) to tutti (very loud).

If the GC-piston is not pressed, the display ③ reflects as follows:

Memory bank: 6 Volume: 12 Transposer: -2 Tune: 440 Crescendo:off

To use the general crescendo pedal, the GC-piston ³ must be pressed. Now the display reflects a number instead of the word off. The number shows the actual general crescendo step:

Memory bank: 6 Volume: 12 Transposer: -2 Tune: 440 Crescendo: 14

The 20 steps of the general crescendo pedal are pre-programmed according to musical standards.

The general crescendo pedal always has priority over hand registration, presets and capture combinations.

Stops, activated by the general crescendo pedal can not be switched off by hand nor by using the 0 piston. It is possible though to switch on stops within a general crescendo combination.

Reeds, switched on by the general crescendo pedal can be switched off by the RO-piston.

The user can, if requested, change each pre-programmed general crescendo combination (except step 0, all stops off).

The following instructions are required in order to change a registration of a general crescendo step:

- 1. Unlock the general crescendo memory by turning the key in the MEMORY LOCK (a) a quarter turn clockwise.
- 2. Press the pistons GC en PG 3. The display will reflect now the letter p with the digit 0:

Memory bank: 6 Volume: 12 Transposer: -2 Tune: 440 Crescendo:p 0

The letter p confirms that the general crescendo pedal is now in the program mode while the digit indicates step 0 (all stops off) of the general crescendo pedal. Also all stops will switch off now. Changing the position of the general crescendo pedal has no effect anymore.

3. Choose with the +/- pistons 1 the general crescendo step (1-20) you wish to change (e.g. step 8):

Memory bank: 6	Volume: 12
Transposer: -2 Tune:	440 Crescendo:p 8

The stops belonging to the chosen general crescendo step will light up.

- 4. Select the stops you wish to program into the chosen general crescendo step.
- 5. Press the SET-piston (a) for a while. The switched on stops will now be off for a short moment. After a second, they will switch themselves on again. This to confirm that the particular registration now is stored in the particular general crescendo step.
- 6. Press the PG-piston in order to switch it off. Now the general crescendo pedal can be used as usual.

Like this all steps of the general crescendo pedal can be modified.

The stored personal general crescendo steps can be protected from undesired erasing or changing by turning the key in the memory lock (2) a quarter turn anti clockwise and take out the key.

The general crescendo memory is protected even when the organ is switched off. The memory is not affected by turning the organ off or disconnecting it from the mains supply.

One can always recall the factory setting of the general crescendo pedal, but only all 20 steps at the same time. Your own programmed registration would be deleted as well.

The following instructions are required in order to recall the factory setting of the general crescendo:

- 1. Unlock the general crescendo memory by turning the key in the MEMORY LOCK (a) a quarter turn clockwise.
- 2. Press the pistons GC en PG ³. The display will reflect now the letter p with the digit 0:

Memory bank: 6 Volume: 12 Transposer: -2 Tune: 440 Crescendo:p 8

The letter p confirms that the general crescendo pedal is now in the program mode while the digit indicates step 0 (all stops off) of the general crescendo pedal. Also all stops will switch off now. Changing the position of the general crescendo pedal has no effect anymore.

- 3. Press the 0-piston (all stops off) , hold the 0-piston, and press the SET-piston .
- 4. First release the SET-piston and only thereafter the 0-piston.
- 5. Press the PG-piston in order to switch it off. Now the general crescendo pedal can be used as usual.

TOE PISTONS (OPTION)

Depending on the ordered features, your organ is equipped with following toe pistons. The functions are:

REVERSIBLE COUPLER PISTONS (6);

With these pistons of you can operate the couplers. The coupler pistons are reversible, this means:

- if a coupler is switched off, you can switch it on with the companion piston;
- if a coupler is switched on, you can switch it off with the companion piston.

TUTTI PISTON (1): This piston (1) has the same function as the T-piston of the presets (3).

CAPTURE PISTONS (8): These pistons ⁽²⁾ have the same function as the 8 capture pistons ⁽²⁾.

MIDI

MIDI is the abbreviation of Musical Interface for Digital Instruments. The ability of the Midi allows to connect different devices to each other. Midi allows the addition of other Midi compatible equipment i.e. keyboards, expanders, computers, sequencers, etc. which can then be operated through the organ at the same time as you are playing the JOHANNUS organ.

How does MIDI work? Midi transmits/receives digital information only. I.g. Midi does not transmit/receive audio signals but the digital information tells the connected devices which key is selected and how long etc.

With the accessories MIDI POSITIF 1, MIDI GREAT 2, MIDI SWELL 3 and MIDI PEDAL 4 (5) you can decide from which division (manual or pedalboard) you would like to transmit midi codes with key information. If none of the Midi accessories are switched on, no key information will be available on the MIDI-OUT connector.

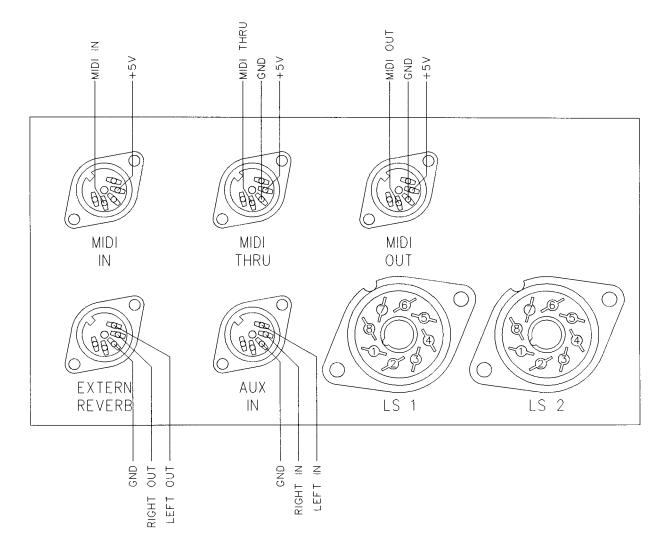
Midi information from Midi devices connected to the MIDI-IN will be processed independent from the position of the Midi-switches.

The number behind e.g. MIDI GREAT $\underline{2}$ correspondents with the channel number which is used to transmit key information if the Great division is being played.

The Midi standard has 16 different channels which can be used in order to transmit/receive Midi codes. E.g. an expander can be controlled throughout channel 1 while at the same time throughout channel 2 a second expander can be controlled. The expanders must be installed such that they are receiving the right channel.

More Midi information is given on the MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART of the PRESTIGE 300 organ on page 21.

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS (rearside organ)



At the rear of the organ (seen from the rearside at the very right, in the middle) several DIN connectors and octal sockets are located (see above drawing). The functions of these connections are as follows:

MIDI IN:

To receive Midi codes from other devices.

MIDI THRU:

To pass Midi codes received from other devices.

MIDI OUT:

To transmit Midi codes to other devices.

AUX IN:

This input is for use when amplificating the sound of an external device throughout the amplifiers of the organ. E.g. an expander, controlled throughout the MIDI OUT of the organ, can be played throughout the speakers of the organ. The volume of the device, connected to the AUX IN connector, can not be controlled with the expression pedals of the organ.

EXTERN REVERB:

This output specifically is meant to connect a JOHANNUS external acoustic system. By means of 4 loudspeaker boxes, this external acoustic system creates an acoustical environment within any building and allows for further development of the cathedral effect. We strongly advise against using this output for other purposes.

LS 1 - LS 2:

These two octal sockets specifically are meant for connecting the external loudspeaker system.

The 6 channels of the organ are divided over the octal sockets according to below mentioned table:

OCTAL SOCKET	CHANNEL	POLARITY	PIN NUMBER
	1	-	1
	(BASS)	+	2
	2	-	3
LS 1	2	+	4
LOI	3	-	5
	3	+	6
	4	-	7
		+	8
	5	-	1
	5	+	2
	6	-	3
LS 2	0	+	4
	7	-	5
	1	+	6
	8	-	7
	8	+	8

The way of installing the loudspeaker assembly will be different for each installation. It depends on the room as well as the used loudspeaker cabinets. The knowledge of qualified and authorized (audio)-technicians is required to achieve an optimal configuration of console, loudspeaker assembly and room.

HEADPHONES (OPTION)

The headphones output O is stereo and is suitable for any headphones with an impedance up to 2000 Ω . When using low impedance headphones (8 Ω) volume may increase beyond a comfortable level. The volume of the instrument should then be controlled by the general volume rotary control O.

When using the headphone socket the loudspeaker assembly connected to the organ is automatically silenced. The various channels of the instrument are then spread throughout the two headphones channels.

MAINTENANCE

The cabinet of JOHANNUS organs consists of either solid wood or high quality compacted wood board with veneer finish. Consoles should be cleaned with a soft polishing cloth and the keyboards with a soft chamois. We do not recommend use of wax, oils or spray polishes as these cleaning compounds may cause damage to the lacquer of the organ cabinet. Direct sunlight can cause discoloration of the cabinet especially light oak. Small scratches on the keys can be removed with car polish. <u>NEVER try to remove spots with aggressive liquids such as thinner, acetone, etc. as they immediately would damage the instrument.</u>

REGISTRATION EXAMPLES PRESTIGE 300

PPP

		PPP	PP											
				P	MF	F	FF	T	SOL		Great O on : Tric	SWELL	DII	MANTIC PLENUM
PEDAL DOUBLE BASS SUBBASS OCTAVE GEDACKT CHORALBASS BASSFLUTE NACHTHORN RAUSCHPFEIFE BOMBARDE CONTRA TRUMPET TRUMPET CLARION POSITIF-PEDAL GREAT-PEDAL SWELL-PEDAL	16' 16' 8' 4' 4' 2' IV 32' 16' 8' 4'	A 0 • 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	B ● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○			E • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	F • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	G • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	H 0 • • 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 • 0 • 0		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	K 0 0 0 ● 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
POSITIF PRINCIPAL BOURDON OCTAVE OPEN FLUTE NAZARD CONICAL FLUTE TIERCE OCTAVE CYMBAL REGAL TREMULANT POSITIF SWELL-POSITIF	8' 8' 4' 2 ² / ₃ ' 2' 1 ³ / ₅ ' 1' 11 8'	A 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	B ○ ● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	C 0 • 0 • 0 0 0 0 0 0 •	D • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	E • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	F • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	G • • • • • • • • • •	H 0 • 0 • 0 0 0 0 0 • •		J ○ ● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	K 0 • 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		M ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ ○ ● ○ ○ ● ○
GREAT PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL OPEN DIAPASON HOHL FLUTE FLUTE CELESTE GAMBA OCTAVE OPEN FLUTE TWELFTH SUPEROCTAVE CONICAL FLUTE CORNET MIXTURE CONTRA TRUMPET TRUMPET VOX HUMANA TREMULANT GREAT POSITIF-GREAT SWELL-GREAT	16' 8' 8' 8' 8' 4' 4' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' VI 16' 8' 8'	A 00000 • 00000000000000000000000000000	B 0 0 0 ● 0 ● 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	C 0 0 • • 0 • 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 • •			F • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		$H \bigcirc \bigcirc$		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	K0000000000000000000000000000000000000		M 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
SWELL QUINTATON PRINCIPAL ROHR FLUTE VIOLA CELESTE OCTAVE COPPEL FLUTE SALICIONAL FLUTE TWELFTH OCTAVE WALDFLUTE NAZARD OCTAVE SESQUIALTER SCHARFF FAGOTTO FESTIVAL TRUMPET CROMORNE OBOE SCHALMEY TREMULANT SWELL	16' 8' 8' 4' 4' 2'/3' 2' 2' 1'/3' 1' 1! 11 16' 8' 8' 8' 4'	▲ ○ ○ ○ ● ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	₿000●●000000000000000000	0 00000000000000000000000000000000000			$F \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ \circ \circ \bullet \circ \circ$	$\mathbf{G} \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ \bullet \circ \bullet \circ \bullet \circ \bullet \circ $	$H \bigcirc \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$	$\bullet \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \bullet \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \bullet \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	×0000000000000000000000000000000000000		

OWN REGISTRATIONS PRESTIGE 300

PEDAL			B	C	D		F	G	H		L	 K		ł
DOUBLE BASS SUBBASS OCTAVE GEDACKT CHORALBASS BASSFLUTE NACHTHORN RAUSCHPFEIFE BOMBARDE CONTRA TRUMPET TRUMPET CLARION POSITIF-PEDAL GREAT-PEDAL SWELL-PEDAL	16' 8' 8' 4' 2' IV 32' 16' 8' 4'	, 000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.00000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
POSITIF PRINCIPAL BOURDON OCTAVE OPEN FLUTE NAZARD CONICAL FLUTE TIERCE OCTAVE CYMBAL REGAL TREMULANT POSITIF SWELL-POSITIF	8' 8' 4' 2'/3' 2' 1 ⁹ /s' 1' III 8'	A 000000000000000000000000000000000000	B 000000000000000000000000000000000000	c 000000000000000000000000000000000000	D 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	E 000000000000000000000000000000000000	F 000000000000000000000000000000000000	G 000000000000000000000000000000000000	H 000000000000000000000000000000000000	I 000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000000000000000	K 000000000000000000000000000000000000	L 00000000000000	M 0000000000000
GREAT PRINCIPAL	16'	A	в	С	D	Е	F	G	н	ſ	J	κ	L	м
PRINCIPAL OPEN DIAPASON HOHL FLUTE FLUTE CELESTE GAMBA OCTAVE OPEN FLUTE TWELFTH SUPEROCTAVE CONICAL FLUTE CORNET MIXTURE CONTRA TRUMPET TRUMPET VOX HUMANA TREMULANT GREAT POSITIF-GREAT SWELL-GREAT	8' 8' 8' 8' 8' 8' 4' 4' 2' 2' 2' 2' VII 16' 8' 8'	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

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Johannus Organ PRESTIGE 300

MIDI Implementation Chart

	Functions	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default Changes ¹	1, 2, 3, 4, 12 1, 2, 3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4, 12 N	1 = Choir 2 = Great 3 = Swell 4 = Pedal 12 = Stops
Mode	Default Messages Altered	Mode 3 N * * * * * * * * *	Mode 3 N N	
Note Number	True voice	36 - 96 * * * * * * * *	36 - 96 36 - 96	
Velocity	Note ON Note OFF	9nH (v=64) 9nH (v=0)	9nH v = 1 - 127 9nH v = 0, 8nH v = *	* = irrelevant
After Touch	Keys Channels	N N	N N	
Pitch Bend	i	N	Ν	
Control Change	7 11 100/101/6 100/101/6	Y Y Y Y	Y Y N N	General volume Expression pedals Pitch Transposer
Program Change	:True#	0 - 79 ² * * * * * * * * *	0 - 79 ² 0 - 79 ²	58 - 79 Accessories ² 0 - 11 Stops Pedal 12 - 21 Stops Choir 22 - 37 Stops Great 38 - 57 Stops Swell
System Ex	clusive	Y	Υ	All stops off
Common	:Song Pos :Song Sel :Tune	N N N	N N N	
System Real Time	:Clock :Commands	N N	N N	
Aux	:Reset All Controller :Local On/OFF :All Notes OFF :Active Sense :Reset	N N N N N	N N Y N N	
Notes		¹ Only note events ² Except 67-73	s can be changed	

Mode 1: OMNY ON, POLY Mode 3: OMNY OFF, POLY

Mode 2: OMNY ON, MONO Mode 4: OMNY OFF, MONO Y = YESN = NO

PERSONAL NOTES

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